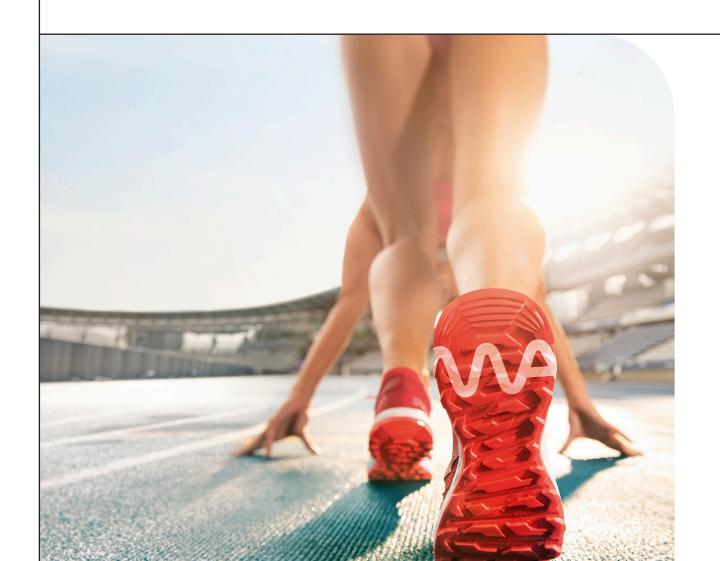
ARKEMA

PEBAX®

PEBAX® ELASTOMERS A Polymer in Motion



WHAT ARE PEBAX® ELASTOMERS?



Pebax® elastomers are block copolymers that offer the best combination of performance (mechanical, chemical, processing) among thermoplastic elastomers (TPE).

A WINNING COMBINATION

- Versatile processing
- The lightest TPE's
- · Wide range of flexibility
- Outstanding physical and chemical properties

The name Pebax® is derived from its own chemistry, polyether block amide. These elastomers are plasticizer free and are available in a wide range of hardness values.

Pebax® resins can be reinforced with various fillers like glass and carbon fiber.

Pebax® resins can also be used pure, as additives, or in blends with other polymers or rubbers.

Optionally bio-based – Select grades marketed under the Pebax® Rnew® brand are partially bio-based.

PEBAX® ELASTOMERS BRING:

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

- Lightweight
 - Typically 20% lighter than traditional polymers
 - Low density enables weight reduction without compromise
- · Energy return
 - Extremely low energy loss compared to TPU
 - High energy transfer and minimal heat build-up
- · Mechanical strength
 - High impact resistance
 - Fatigue resistance
 - Enduring elasticity
 - Good dimensional stability
- Consistent performance at low temperature
 - Maintains impact strength, energy return, and flexibility
- Soft touch/Good haptics
- Hydrophilic properties (select grades)
 - Bring instantaneous and permanent antistatic properties to other thermoplastic matrices

- Selective molecule diffusion (select grades)
 - Allow a controlled release of active molecules over time (e.g. perfumes, insecticide)
 - Non-porous breathable membranes offer adjustable permeation to water vapor and gas

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Pebax® elastomers provide good chemical resistance for industrial and recreational applications

REGULATORY COMPLIANCES:

Select Pebax® grades comply with USP Class VI and FDA/ECC regulations

VERSATILE PROCESSING:

- · Compatible with standard equipment with simple settings
 - Injection, overmolding, extrusion, rotomolding, foaming, fiber and melt spinning
- · Good adhesion when overmolded
- · Thermoforming, coloration, welding, and decoration is possible
- Recyclable

APPLICATIONS:

SPORTS	Extreme lightweight performance and outstanding energy return for sports equipment including footwear components, outsoles, ski boots, and more
MEDICAL	Specific grades with USP Class VI compliance provide flexibility, good touch and feel, excellent processing, breathable features, kink resistance, and sterilization resistance for medical device applications
INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS	Long-life durability, cold impact performance, chemical resistance, puncture resistance (film), and unique touch and feel benefit industrial applications such as belting and gears
FIBER AND NON-WOVEN	Elastic stretch, chemical resistance, and good processability for fibers and non-woven fabrics
PERMANENT ANTISTATIC ADDITIVE	Certain grades intrinsically disperse electrostatic charges and can be added to wide variety of thermoplastic matrices to impart immediate permanent antistatic properties regardless of the relative humidity
BREATHABLE MEMBRANES	Hydrophilic breathable grades offer a wide range of permeation levels according to specific market requirements

PRODUCT RANGE OVERVIEW

STANDARD GRADES

7233, 7033, 6333, 5533, 4533, 4033, 3533, 2533

BIO-BASED GRADES

Rnew® Grades: 35R53, 30R51, 40R53, 55R53, 63R53, 70R53, 72R53, 80R53

MH 1657, 30R51

BREATHABLE GRADES

MV 1041, MV 1074, MV 3000,

ANTISTATIC GRADES
MH Grades: 1657, 2030
MV Grades: 1074, 2080

STABILIZATION

SA Grades: no additives

SP Grades: Heat and UV stabilized SD Grades: UV stabilized + mould

release additive

General Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	CONDITIONS	STANDARD	UNITS	7233	7033	6333	5533	4533	4033	3533	2533
	ltt	100.000	Shore D	69	69	64	54	46	42	33	27
	Instantaneous	ISO 868	Shore A	-	-	-	-	92	90	82	77
SHORE HARDNESS	After 15		Shore D	61	61	58	50	41	35	25	22
	Seconds	ISO 868	Shore A	-	-	-	-	90	89	80	74
DENSITY		ISO 1183	g/cm³	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.00
MELTING POINT		ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	174	172	169	159	147	160	144	134
VICAT SOFTENING TEMP.	Method A 10 N	ISO 306	°C	164	164	157	142	111	131	77	58
HUMIDITY ABSORPTION	23°C, 50% RH	ISO 62	%	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4
WATER ABSORPTION	23°C, 24h in Water	ISO 62	%	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
MELT INDEX	235°C / 1kg	ISO 1133	g/10 mn	4	6	5	7	9	9	8	10
CLTE - LINEAR COEFFCIENT	From - 40°C to 140°C	ISO 11359-1/-2	10 ⁻⁵ /°C	12	16	14	17	20	20	21 16	10
SURFACE RESISTIVITY		IEC 62631-3-2	Ohm/sq	2E+15	8E+13	3E+13	1E+13	4E+12	8E+12	2E+13	1E+13
VOLUMIC RESISTIVITY		IEC 62631-3-1	Ohm.cm	4E+13	6E+13	9E+12	2E+12	6E+11	2E+12	4E+11	3E+11

General Characteristics - Pebax® Rnew®

CHARACTERISTICS	CONDITIONS	STANDARD	UNITS	80R53 SP02	72R53 SP01	70R53 SP01	63R53 SP01	55R53 SP01	40R53 SP01	35R53 SP01	30R51 SA01
	Instantaneous	ISO 868		73	71	70	61	53	42	32	31
SHORE HARDNESS	After 15 Seconds	ISO 868	Shore D	67	65	62	56	51	39	25	30
DENSITY		ISO 1183	g/cm³	1.02	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.02	1.01
MELTING POINT		ISO 11357- 1/-3	°C	188	186	186	180	167	148	137	150
VICAT SOFTENING TEMP.	Under 10 N	ISO 306	°C	-	175	175	168	156	121	81	-
HUMIDITY ABSORPTION	23°C, 50% RH	ISO 62	%	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.5	2.5
WATER ABSORPTION	23°C, 24h in Water	ISO 62	%	0.7	0.7	1	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	72
MELT INDEX	235°C / 2.16kg	ISO 1133	g/10 min	8	11	11	14	29	29	26	-

Plastic Materials Tests

CHARACTERISTICS	CONDITIONS	STANDARD	UNITS	7233	7033	6333	5533	4533	4033	3533	2533
FLEXURAL MODULUS		ISO 178	МРа	513	390	285	170	86	77	21	12
TENSILE MODULUS		ISO 527 -1/-2	МРа	542	384	240	161	81	71	18	10
TENSILE - STRESS AT YIELD			МРа	26	22	18	12	-	-	-	-
TENSILE – STRAIN AT YIELD		ASTM D 638	%	18	20	22	25	-	-	-	-
TENSILE - STRESS AT BREAK	v= 50 mm/min	type IV	МРа	56	54	53	52	42	40	39	32
TENSILE - STRAIN AT BREAK			%	>300	>350	>350	>450	>550	>450	>600	>750
IMPACT STRENGTH* (IZOD)	Unnotched	ISO 180		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
AT + 23°C	Notched		J/m	192	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
IMPACT STRENGTH* (IZOD)	Unnotched		130 180	J/III	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
AT - 40°C	Notched			50	50	110	N	N	N	N	N
IMPACT STRENGTH*	Unnotched			N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
(CHARPY) AT + 23°C	Notched		1	15 ^c	120 ^p	N	N	N	N	N	N
IMPACT STRENGTH*	Unnotched	ISO 179	179 kJ/m²	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
(CHARPY) AT - 30°C	Notched			10 ^c	10 ^c	20 ^c	N	N	N	N	N

Plastic Materials Tests - Pebax® Rnew®

CHARACTERISTICS	CONDITIONS	STANDARD	UNITS	80R53 SP02	72R53 SP01	70R53 SP01	63R53 SP01	55R53 SP01	40R53 SP01	35R53 SP01	30R51 SA01
FLEXURAL MODULUS		ISO 178	МРа	850	560	360	245	160	75	40	48
TENSILE - STRESS AT YIELD			МРа	33	28	26	19	-	-	-	-
TENSILE - STRAIN AT YIELD		100 507 4 0	%	24	28	32	40	-	-	-	-
TENSILE - STRESS AT BREAK		ISO 527 -1-2	МРа	52	55	57	51	45	45	30	> 15
TENSILE - STRAIN AT BREAK			%	>300	>300	> 350	> 400	> 400	> 400	> 700	>700
IMPACT STRENGTH* (IZOD)	Unnotched	ACTM D OFC		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
AT + 23°C	Notched		ASTM D 256	J/m	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
IMPACT STRENGTH* (IZOD)	Unnotched	ASTIVI D 256	J/III	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
AT - 40°C	Notched			33 ^c	33 ^c	90 ^c	130 ^c	N	N	N	N
IMPACT STRENGTH*	Unnotched			N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
(CHARPY) AT + 23°C	Notched	100 170	1	44 ^c	46 ^c	N	N	N	N	N	N
IMPACT STRENGTH*	Unnotched	ISO 179	kJ/m²	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
(CHARPY) AT - 30°C	Notched			16 ^c	16 ^c	15 ^c	23 ^c	N	N	N	N

N: No break C: Complete break P: Partial break



MEDICAL APPLICATIONS

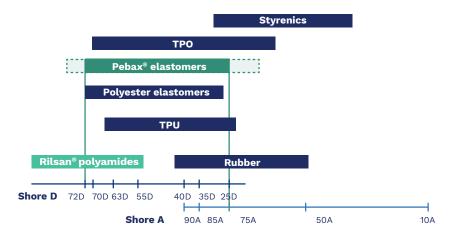
Select Pebax® MED grades are used in medical applications like catheters, PVC-free tubing and medical gowns.

• Most balanced PEBA range

The Pebax® MED range has a wide variety of rigid, semi-rigid, and flexible grades for medical applications. Pebax® MED grades have undergone testing in accordance with certain portions of the USP class VI and/or ISO 10993 standards. Contact us for more details.

• See Arkema's medical device policy at ark.ma/medPolicy

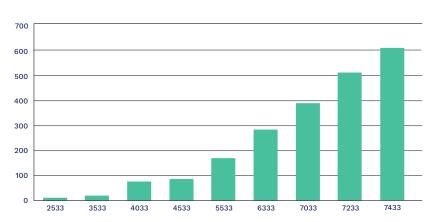
Soft & Flexible to Hard & Rigid



KEY BENEFITS

- · Softness and flexibility
- Elastic/shape memory
- Kinking resistance
- Torque transfer
- Low coefficient of friction
- · Resistance to pressure
- Can be compounded with radiopaque fillers
- Can be used in co-extrusion with TPU
- Breathable and antistatic properties (MV 1074 SA 01 MED)
- Good compromise between strength and softness
- Relatively consistent modulus vs. temperature
- · Sterilization feasability
- Bondable by adhesives or RF welding

Pebax[®] MED Range – Flexural Modulus (MPa)

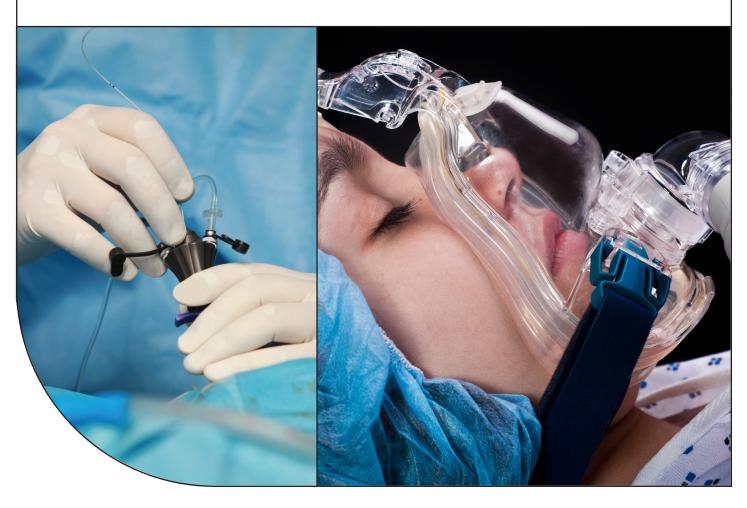




Pebax® MED Range

GRADES	DENSITY (g/cm³) ISO 1183	MELTING POINT (°C)	SHORE D HARDNESS ISO 868		FLEXURAL MODULUS (MPa) ISO 178
			INSTANTANEOUS	AFTER 15 SEC	15 DAYS @ 23°C, 50% RH
PEBAX [®] 2533 SA 01 MED	1.00	134	27	22	12
PEBAX [®] 3533 SA 01 MED	1.00	144	33	25	21
PEBAX® 4033 SA 01 MED	1.00	160	42	35	77
PEBAX [®] 4533 SA 01 MED	1.01	147	46	41	86
PEBAX [®] 5533 SA 01 MED	1.01	159	54	50	170
PEBAX [®] 6333 SA 01 MED	1.01	169	64	58	285
PEBAX® 7033 SA 01 MED	1.01	172	69	61	390
PEBAX® 7233 SA 01 MED	1.01	174	69	61	513
PEBAX® 7433 SA 01 MED	1.01	174	73	66	610
	,		SURFACE RESISTANCE (Ohm) - IEC 62631-3-2	VOLUME RESISTIVITY (Ohm.m) - IEC 62631-3-1	REFRACTIVE INDEX
PEBAX® MV 1074 SA 01 MED*	1.07	158	3.10 ⁹	2,5.10 ⁷	1.502

^{*}Main Applications: Permanent antistatic additive/Breathable membranes



Industrial Thermoplastic Elastomers

Industrial grade Pebax® elastomers exhibit enduring elasticity, fatigue resistance, and cold temperature performance among other benefits. Some common industrial applications include films, belting, silent gears, wires, and cables.

ADVANTAGES OF USING PEBAX® ELASTOMERS

The PolyEther Block Amide (PEBA structure of Pebax® elastomers include a rigid polyamide block and soft polyether block that enable outstanding dynamic properties like flexural fatigue resistance and high energy return (low hysteresis) Even at low temperatures, Pebax® resins maintain flexibility and energy return while also maintaining strong mechanical properties like impact strength, making these resins an excellent choice for applications requiring durability after cyclic motions at varying temperatures.

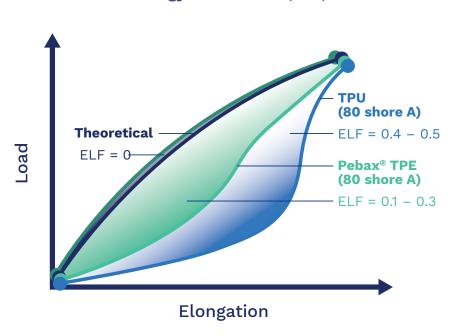
KEY BENEFITS

- Lightweight
- High energy return (low hysteresis)
- Maintains high performance at very cold temperatures
- Flex fatigue resistance
- · Low vibration and noise
- · Dimensional stability
- Wear resistance
- · Easy processing

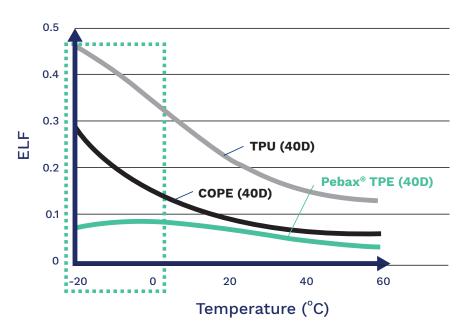
FOCUS: ENERGY RETURN

Generally, energy is lost during a cyclic mechanical stress of a material. This energy loss is a function of the material's modulus and what we call its energy loss factor (ELF). The microstructure of Pebax® resins contributes to its very low ELF when compared to other thermoplastic elastomers like TPU, as shown in the graphs below.

Energy Loss Factor (ELF)



Energy Loss Factor (ELF) vs. Temperature



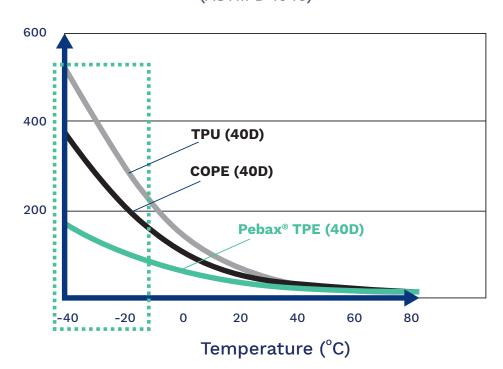
For industrial belts and silent gears the lower hysteresis (higher energy return) of Pebax® resins can translate into higher speed and frequencies of use and even subsequent energy savings through better power transmission and low heat buildup.



FOCUS: CONSISTENT PERFORMANCE AT LOW TEMPERATURE

Thanks to the low glass transition temperature of its polyether phase, the energy loss factor of Pebax® resins remain low even in sub-zero environments. This allows Pebax® elastomers to maintain flexibility and display almost no increase of elastic modulus compared to other materials at sub-zero temperatures that experience cold stiffening.

Modulus of Rigidity (MPa) vs. Temperature (ASTM D 1043)





Elastomers for Sports Equipment

EXTREME PERFORMANCE SOLUTIONS FOR EXTREME ATHLETES

Pebax® elastomers have a wide range of flexibilities, from rigid polyamide-like to soft rubber-like grades. This allows Pebax® resins to be utilized in a wide variety of applications like running shoes, ski boots, and protective gear.

KEY BENEFITS

- Lightweight
- High energy return
- Flex fatigue resistance
- Cold temperature performance
- · Shock/Impact resistance
- · Easy processing and overmolding

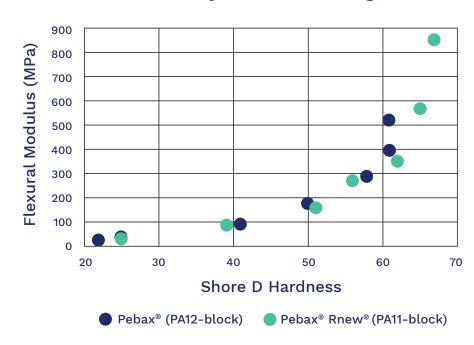
APPLICATIONS

- · Athletic shoes and cleated shoes
- Golf balls and putter face
- Ski boots, skis, other winter sports equipment
- Bicycle parts
- Protective gear (e.g. helmet, shin guards)
- Wearable devices

SOFT AND FLEXIBLE TO HARD AND RIGID

Maximum strength where you need support, flexibility where you need movement. Pebax® grades can also be combined within a single component to provide stiffness at one end and flexibility at the other.

Wide Flexibility and Hardness Range



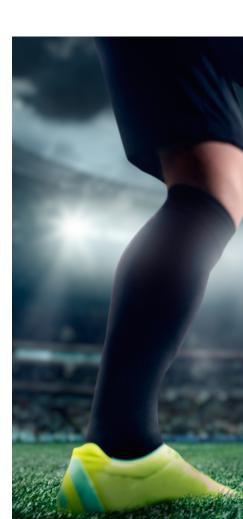
LIGHTWEIGHT MATERIALS THAT PACK A PUNCH

Pebax® resins have a very low density that enable the design of lighter parts. This benefit is ideal for outsoles, offering resilience to repeated stress, along with resistance to distortion and deformation. Using Pebax® resin can reduce the plastic component weight by 20%, and even more with Pebax® Foam.

POLYMER TYPE/DENSITY (g/cm³)	PEBAX [®] ELASTOMERS	POLYESTER ELASTOMERS (COPE)	THERMOPLASTIC URETHANES (TPU)
SOFT GRADES	1.01	1.18 - 1.20	1.21 - 1.25
RIGID GRADES	1.02	1.22 - 1.26	1.25 - 1.26

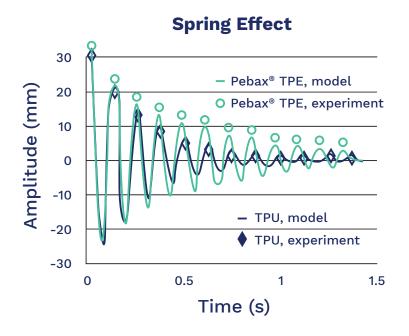
Many sports applications like cleated footwear demand materials with very high strength and increased rigidity. The range of PA11 and PA12 Glass Fiber and Carbon Fiber filled grades are available to improve strength, rigidity, and in the case of Carbon Fiber, maintain lightness.

FILLED GRADES	FILLER	FLEXURAL MODULUS (MPa)
BZM7 O TL	Glass Fiber	1500
BZM8 O T3L	Glass Fiber	1850
ASR13	Carbon Fiber	7200
BSR30	Carbon Fiber	11000
BZM30	Glass Fiber	5600

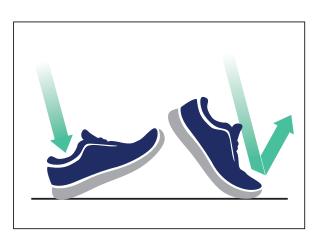


EXCEPTIONAL ENERGY RETURN

Pebax® resins have the lowest energy loss factor of all thermoplastic elastomers, with the best energy return and an unbeatable flex fatigue resistance. In fact, the shoes worn by all medalists in the running events at the Olympic Games in Tokoyo contained Pebax® elastomers.



Energy Return

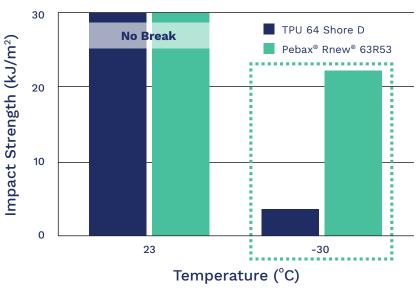


WINTER SPORTS - LOW TEMPERATURE PERFORMANCE

Unlike fingers and toes, Pebax® resins do not stiffen in cold weather. Applications like ski boots designed with Pebax® elastomers retain their mechanical properties (strength and impact resistance) and resilience in frigid conditions (-40°C). The Ross Flex machine proves it too: all Pebax® grades can withstand more than 280,000 cycles down to -20°C and some grades more than 50,000 cycles at -40°C.



Impact Resistance ISO 179 (V-notched Charpy Impact Test)



Permanent Antistatic Additives

SOLVING STATIC CHARGE PROBLEMS WITH ANTISTATIC PEBAX® RESINS

Very fast charge decay can damage sensitive electronic components while very slow charge decay can create dust attraction forces and uncontrolled Electrostatic Discharge (ESD events). Select Pebax® grades may be used as permanent (non-fugitive) antistatic additives, producing an excellent compromise.

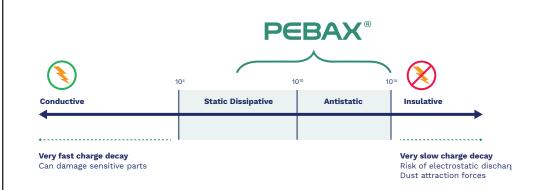
KEY BENEFITS

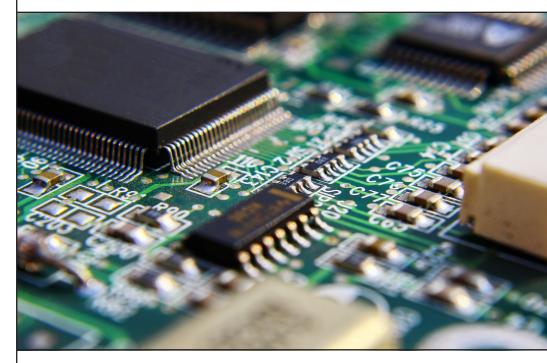
As an additive, Pebax® resins can impart permanent antistatic properties in polymer matrices. The antistatic properties are effective immediately and can withstand a broad range of environmental conditions.

- Immediate and permanent antistatic
 Humidity independent
- Maintain colorability of the matrix
- Maintain the physical properties of the matrix
- No sloughing, offgassing or blooming

APPLICATIONS

- Electronics packaging and components
- Storage containers
- Copy machines, printers
- Clean-room and anti-dust applications
- Fibers





RANGE OVERVIEW AND COMPATIBLE MATRICES

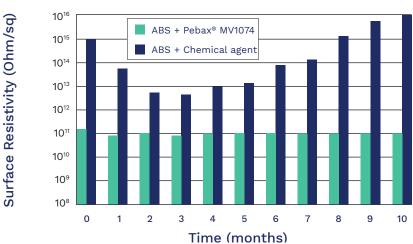
Pebax® antistatic additives are delivered in pellet form and can be added to a wide range of polymer matrices either by dry blending or compounding. A compatibilizer may be required depending on the host matrix.

	PE	PP	ABS, PS, HIPS	РММА	PA
MV 1074 MV 2080	Injection Molding 10 - 20%	Injection Molding 10 - 20%			Injection Molding 10 - 20%
MH 1657 MH 2030	Injection Molding 10 - 20%	Injection Molding 10 - 20%	Injection Molding Sheet Extrusion 10 - 25%		Injection Molding 10 - 20%
30R51				Injection Molding Sheet Extrusion 10 - 20%	

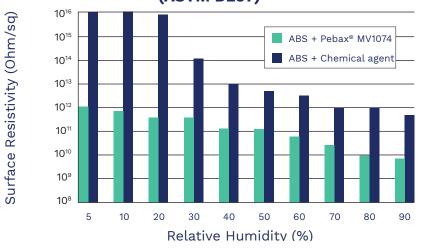
PERMANENT ANTISTATIC ADDITIVES (PEBAX® RESIN) VS TEMPORARY CHEMICAL ANTISTATIC AGENTS

The graphs illustrated below show the evolution of surface resistivity in ABS matrix with Pebax® polymer additives compared to chemical antistatic agents. The addition of Pebax® resin results in immediate and permanent antistatic properties nearly independent of atmospheric relative humidity.

Surface Resistivity vs. Time (ASTM D257)



Surface Resistivity vs. Relative Humidity in the air (ASTM D257)





General Properties

CHARACTERISTICS	CONDITIONS	STANDARD	UNITS	PEBAX [®] MV 1074	PEBAX [®] MV 2080	PEBAX [®] MH 1657	PEBAX® MH 2030	PEBAX [®] RNEW [®] 30R51
SHORE D HARDNESS	After 15 s	ISO 868	-	38	38	40	40	30
DENSITY		ISO 1183	g/cm³	1.07	1.07	1.14	1.14	1.10
MELTING POINT	10°C/min	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	158	160	204	200	150
REFRACTION INDEX	23°C	ISO 489	-	1.502	1.502	1.508	1.508	1.490
SURFACE RESISTANCE		IEC 62631-3-2	Ohm	3.10°	10 ⁷	10 ⁹	10 ⁷	10°
RECOMMENDATIONS				For Matrices With Tm<180°C Ex: HDPE, LDPE, PP, PMMA, POM, PC/ABS		T _m >180°C DPE, PP, Ex: PA6, ABS, PS, HIPS,		For Transparent PMMA / Indoor Applications

Breathable Films

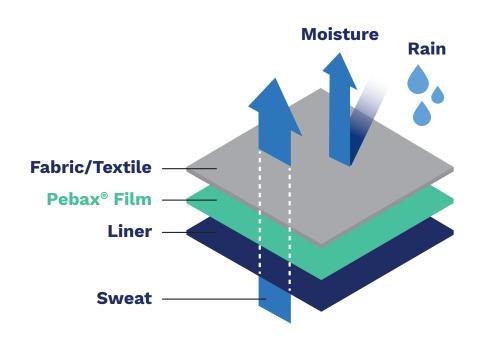
BREATHABLE, WATERPROOF FILMS

When extruded into a thin film or laminated onto a substrate, select hydrophilic Pebax® grades offer excellent permeability to moisture vapor while remaining waterproof and creating an excellent barrier layer to molds and mildews. These Pebax® resins can be laminated onto synthetic nonwovens, wovens, or textiles with the help of functional polyolefins, and may not require any additional adhesives or bonding agents to adhere to these substrates.

KEY BENEFITS

Through their unique copolymer structure, hydrophilic Pebax® grades offer a combination of mechanical strength, breathability, and ease of processing. Unlike microporous products, the monolithic structure of these Pebax® films is a barrier to water and bacteria and exhibit a high level of MVTR (Moisture Vapor Transmission Rate). Each of these advantages make breathable Pebax® resins the material of choice in many applications such as construction housewrap films, breathable textiles for sports, packaging, and selective membranes.

- Waterproof barrier
- Breathability
- · High and adjustable MVTR
- Lightweight
- Excellent toughness and tear resistance
- Flexibility

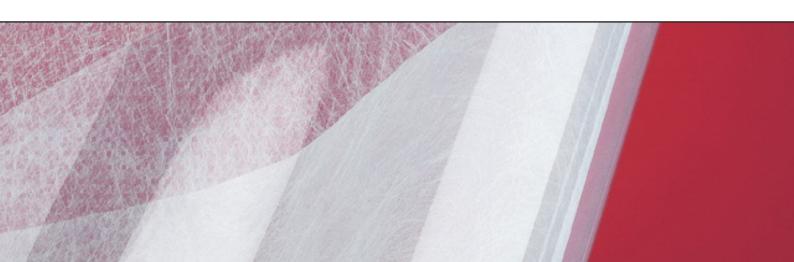


PROCESSING BREATHABLE GRADES

Breathable Pebax® grades can be extruded into a very thin monolithic film (down to 15 microns) or laminated onto a wide variety of substrates (e.g. wovens, non wovens, textiles) offering excellent adhesion for structural integrity. These grades can also be used with compatibilizing resins (functional polyolefins) to adjust their breathability to different levels suitable for a wide range of applications and environments. This design flexibility allows laminators and builders to design a wide range of breathable products.

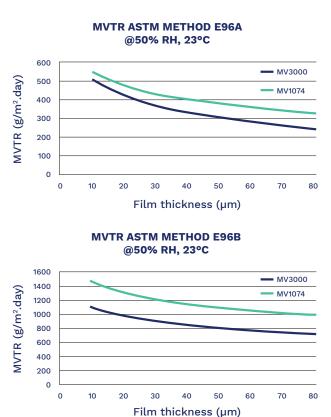
APPLICATION FOCUS: MONOLITHIC HOUSEWRAP

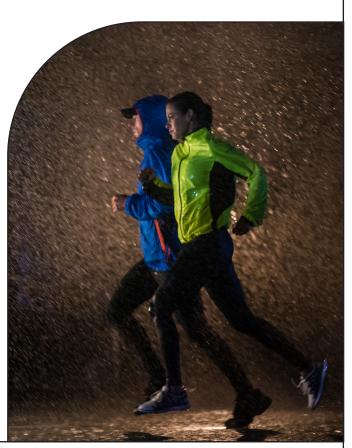
High MVTR allows monolithic housewrap to breathe easily so the moisture vapor behind it does not turn into condensation that potentially leads to molds and mildews in the walls. The water resistance of hydrophilic Pebax® grades enable the housewrap to protect the housing structures from water-related failures. Tear resistance is also key as during installation, housewrap is prone to tearing damages at the jobsite. A very durable and tear resistant film can make it easier for the construction workers to wrap the house more efficiently and safelv.



BREATHABILITY - MVTR DATA

Breathability can be described as the Moisture Vapor Transmission Rate (MVTR) and it represents the amount of water vapor that passes through a film or structure over a period of 24 hours. It is measured per ASTM E96 A/B/BW/E methods in g/m²/day at 50% or 90% RH and at 23°C or 38°C. Depicted in the graphs below, select Pebax® grades offer high levels of MVTR under different conditions.





General Characteristics: Breathable Grades

CHARACTERISTICS	CONDITIONS	STANDARD	UNITS	PEBAX® MH1657	PEBAX® MV 1074	PEBAX [®] MV 3000 SP01	PEBAX® 30R51 SA01
SHORE D HARDNESS	After 15 s	ISO 868	-	40	38	35	30
DENSITY		ISO 1183	g/cm³	1.14	1.07	1.02	1.1
MELTING POINT	10°C / min	ISO 11357- 1/-3	°C	204	158	158	150
MOISTURE ABSORPTION AT EQUILIBRIUM	(23°C / 50% RH)	ISO 62	%	4.5	1.4	1	2.5
MVTR	23°C , 50%RH, 50 μm Film	Method B	g/m².24h	1000	1130	970	1300

Active Molecules, Fragrance Carrier

SELECTIVE DIFFUSION

A common challenge in the active molecule and fragrance carrier industry is uniform distribution of fragrance and controlling the rate of release of the scent. The block amide-ether structure of Pebax® polymers can enable the absorption and controlled release of volatile molecules like fragrances, oils, and even insecticides at just the right rate over extended periods of time.

APPLICATIONS

- Air fresheners
- Aroma candles
- Fire-less candles
- Toilet cleaners
- Dishwasher tables
- Scented/flavored dental floss
- Insect repellants
 - Wearable, non-wearable, livestock tags, pet collars

KEY BENEFITS

• Selective absorption

Polyether phase accepts many volatile molecules Good absorption up to 50%

Controlled release

Manipulate diffusion with wall thickness and temperature Very good retention of fragrance properties

• Strong mechanical structure

Preserved by the polyamide block Maintain the integrity of the finished part

Low melting point

Molding and extrusion without degrading the fragrance substances

Easy processing

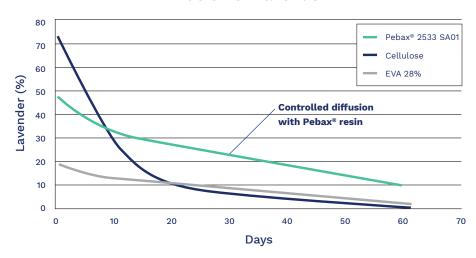
Save time and money with more efficient processing

FOCUS - ABSORPTION AND DIFFUSION PROPERTIES

While materials like cellulose might absorb much more fragrance than Pebax® polymers at first, the scent is quickly diffused leaving the consumer with a potent wake-up call in the first days, but also the responsibility to replace their air freshener much more frequently. Pebax® 2533 SA01 exhibits a controlled release curve, providing a much better user experience.

REFERENCE	PEBAX® 2533 SA01	CELLULOSE	EVA 28%
% LAVENDER ABSORPTION	50	70	20
% LAVENDER AFTER 60 DAYS	11	3	2

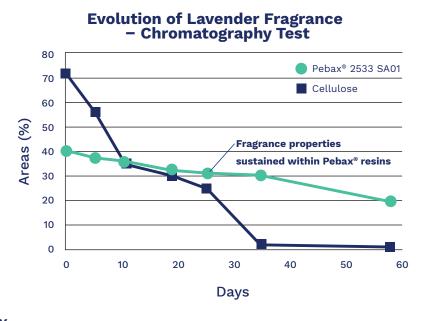
Diffusion of Lavender





FOCUS - CONSISTENT SUBSTANCE RELEASE

Using chromatography methods, the evolution of a particular fragrance can be measured (answering the question, does the fragrance smell the same as it did 50 days ago?). The graph below illustrates how a cellulose carrier can affect the olfactory notes of perfumes like lavender. Contrary to a cellulose support, Pebax® 2533 SA01 allows for a consistent diffusion at a consistent rate, while maintaining the integrity of the scent.



PROCESSABILITY

Pebax® 2533 SA01 pellets can be impregnated before melt processing through dry-blending with the volatile substances. The low melting point (134°C) allows for injection molding and extrusion of the polymer without degradation of volatile substances. Standard conditions of processing and coloration may also be used, although lower processing temperatures are recommended to avoid modification of the volatile substances.



Processing and Handling

MANY PROCESSING OPTIONS

Pebax® resins have excellent processability in each of the major thermoplastic processing technologies:

- Injection molding
- Extrusion (e.g. cast film, blown film, sheet, tube)
- Assembly process: overmolding and coextrusion

HANDLING AND STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

- For unopened bags, resins are ready-to-use without re-drying
- Storage temperature should be less than 40 - 50°C and avoid high humidity
- Heated hoppers are not necessary when processing Pebax® resin
- To avoid condensation, store bags in the workshop 24 hours prior to processing
- Avoid using pellets from bags that have been open for longer than 2 hours
- During trials, manually close the bags after feeding the hopper to avoid moisture uptake
- After a one-day trial, reseal the bag before re-using the next day

Shelf life is 2 years from the date of delivery in properly sealed and stored conditions

DRYING CONDITIONS

Pellets exposed to atmospheric conditions for more than 2 hours should be dried before processing (see table below). Place the granules onto a clean flat metallic tray for efficient drying. Arkema highly recommends using vacuum drying ovens because the absence of oxygen allows for higher temperatures, which saves time. Desiccant dryers are also efficient with regularly changed filters. Risk of oxidation is increased with forced-air circulation ovens.

INJECTION MOLDING

The rheological behavior of Pebax® resins allow for:

- A wide range of processing temperatures compared to other thermoplastic elastomers (especially TPU)
- Ability to inject extremely thin parts (down to 0.8 mm)
- Short cycle times
- High recyclability
- Accurate dimension control

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Residence time: < 10 min
- Injection volume: 25 80% of total shot capacity
- Compression rate: 2.2 2.8
- L/D: 18 22
- Correct check-valve
- Shrinkage rate: 0.5 1.5%
 - Varies depending on the grade chosen and on the injection conditions

DRY-BLENDING COMPATIBILITY

With an extensive flexibility and hardness range, Pebax® polymers are suitable for a variety of applications. It is possible however, to mix various grades of Pebax® in order to achieve specific properties. Arkema technical experts will be pleased to assist you in selecting the Pebax® blend that will meet your specification criteria.

OVERMOLDING

Insert molding offers a countless combination of possibilities with a variety of materials such as glass, metals, polymers, and textiles. The overmolding technique is widely used to manufacture soles of athletic footwear like football cleats. Pebax® resins possess a wide plasticizing range, which makes them highly suitable for overmolding. The adhesion of Pebax® elastomers onto inserts can be optimized by adjusting the process parameters. See the general overmolding materials on the next page and contact Arkema to further discuss your overmolding questions.

MOLDING CONDITIONS

GRADES	7233	7033	6333	5533	4533	4033	3533	2533
MELT TEMPERATURE (°C)	'		'	•				
MINIMUM	230	230	230	200	200	200	180	180
RECOMMENDED	260	260	260	240	240	240	210	210
MAXIMUM	290	290	290	270	270	270	240	240
MOLD TEMPERATURE (°C)								
RECOMMENDED	25 - 60	25 - 60	25 - 60	25 - 60	10- 30	10- 30	10- 30	10- 30
DRYING CONDITIONS*								
TEMPERATURE (°C)	70 - 80	70 - 80	65 - 75	65 - 75	60 - 70	60 - 70	55 - 65	55 - 65
DURATION (HR)	5 - 7	5 - 7	4 - 8	4 - 8	4 - 8	4 - 8	4 - 8	4 - 8

GRADES	80R53 SP02	72R53 SP01	70R53 SP01	63R53 SP01	55R53 SP01	40R53 SP01	35R53 SP01
MELT TEMPERATURE (°C)							
MINIMUM RECOMMENDED MAXIMUM	230	230	220	210	210	210	190
	260	260	235	225	220	220	205
	290	290	250	240	230	230	220
MOLD TEMPERATURE (°C)							
RECOMMENDED	25 - 60	25 - 60	25 - 60	25 - 60	25 - 60	10- 30	10- 30
DRYING CONDITIONS*							
TEMPERATURE (°C)	70 - 80	70 - 80	70 - 80	65 - 75	65 - 75	60 - 70	55 - 65
DURATION (HR)	5 - 7	5 - 7	5 - 7	5 - 7	4 - 8	4 - 8	4 - 8

^{* :} Desiccant dryer (dew point ≤ -25°C)

- Pebax® resins can overmold:
 - Other Pebax® grades, TPU (preferably Ether type), PVC, leather, and coated parts
- Pebax® resins can be overmolded by:
 - Rilsan® PA11, Rilsamid® PA12, Rilsan® Clear, and others

EXTRUSION

Thanks to the rheological properties of Pebax® polymers, many extrusion and coextrusion techniques are possible:

- Films down to 10 µm in cast or blown processes
- Sheets
- Tubes

Pebax® resins can be extruded on conventional equipment. Arkema personnel will be pleased to provide specific processing parameters related to Pebax® resins in technologies such as tube sizing, blown film drawing, or the cooling conditions for sheet calendaring.

COLORATION

- Masterbatches
- Polyamide-based masterbatches are recommended (instead of polyolefins) with a similar viscosity to Rilsan® or Pebax® resins
- Compounding is always better, sometimes necessary
- The rate of incorporation is generally ~3% for thin parts and 0.3% for thick parts
- Pigment blends
- Recommended: preliminary compounding with material to be colored
- Careful choice of pigment (to avoid migration phenomena or processing issues due to presence of organic colorants)
- Liquid colorants
- Colorant acts as a lubricant so the flow of material is affected

WELDING

There are many techniques suitable

GRADES	RECOMMENDED TEMPERATURES						
	MINIMUM	RECOMMENDED	MAXIMUM				
80R53 SP02	230	260	290				
72R53 SP01	230	260	290				
70R53 SP01	220	235	250				
63R53 SP01	210	225	240				
55R53 SP01	210	220	230				
40R53 SP01	210	220	230				
35R53 SP01	190	205	220				

GRADES	RECOMMENDED TEMPERATURES					
	МІМІМИМ	RECOMMENDED	MAXIMUM			
7233	220	235	250			
7033	220	235	250			
6333	210	225	240			
5533	210	220	230			
4533	210	220	230			
4033	210	220	230			
3533	190	205	220			

for welding Pebax® resin:

- Ultrasonic welding technique: for soft grades only (2533, 3533)
- Induction technique
- High frequency technique (due to polarity)
- Mirror technique
- Radio frequency welding

DECORATION

Deciding on which technique to use depends on application, geometry of part, and cost Many techniques are suitable for decorating Pebax® resin.

- Laser printing
- Hot printing
- Ink printing
- Clear coat/lacquers
- In-mold decoration techniques e.g. co-molding, insert-molding, in-mold labeling)

THERMOFORMING AND SUBLIMATION

This technology has been primarily developed to meet requirements for ski applications and can be applied in other fields with minor changes. After decoration, Pebax® film can be thermoformed and stamped to meet the required shape and size. This produces an insert that can be overmolded by Pebax® resin for example, or it produces a film that can be thermobonded on a substrate, such as composites.



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